

仮想仕事の原理



② 構造力学の“構造” 例題

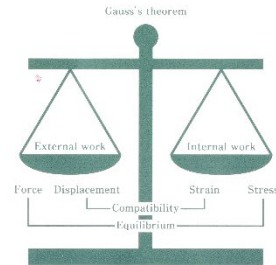
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仮想仕事の 原理と エネルギー原理

トラス, 梁, 骨組



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for trusses, beams and frames

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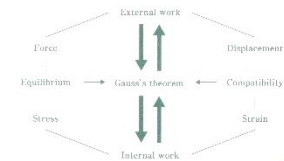


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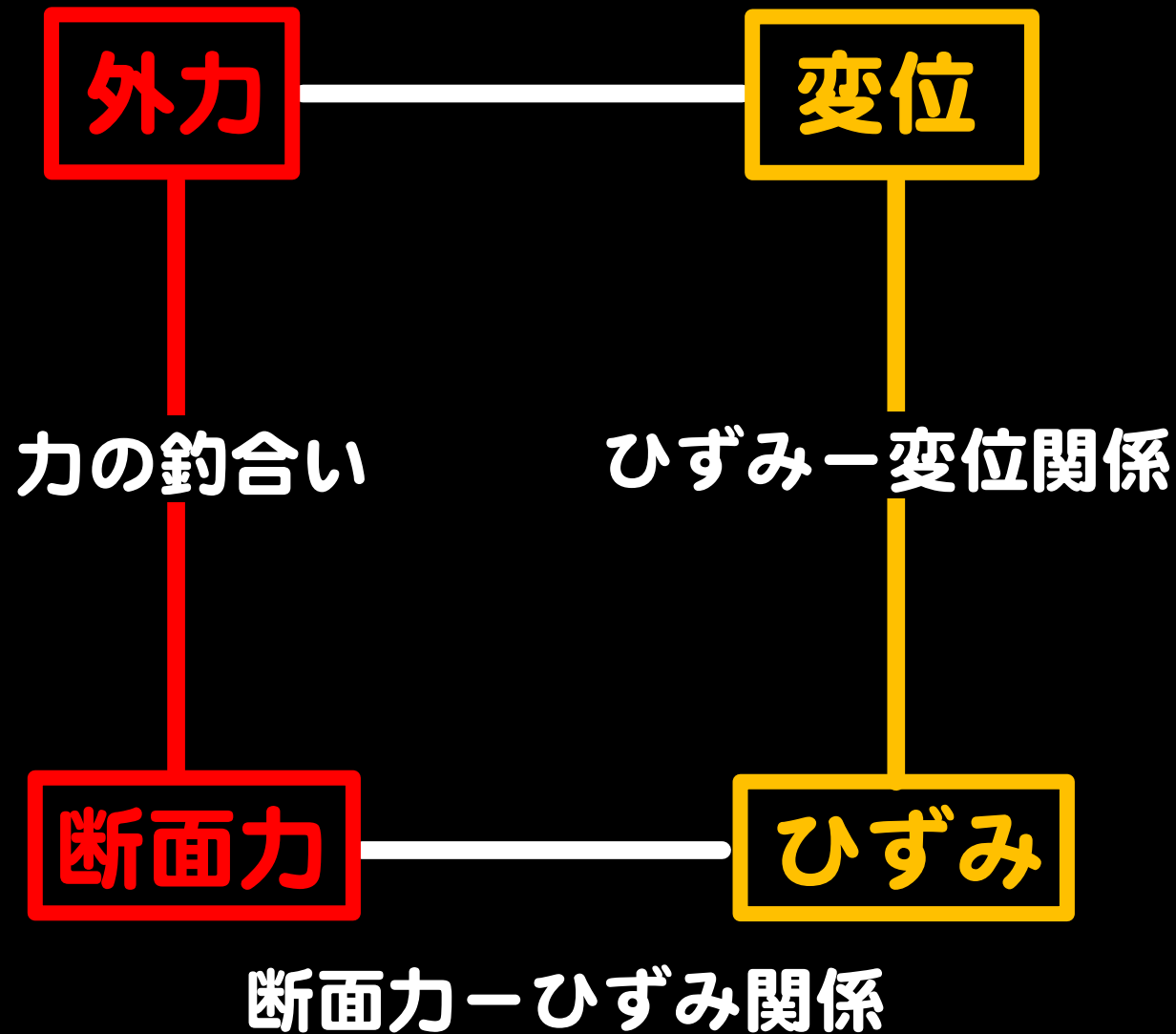
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仮想仕事の
原理と
エネルギー原理
トラス, 梁, 骨組



Virtual work and energy principles for trusses, beams and frames

構造力学の“構造”のまとめ



(1) 力の釣合い

$$\frac{dQ}{dx} = \frac{d^2M(x)}{dx^2} = -w(x)$$

(2) ひずみ-変位関係

$$\phi(x) = -v''(x)$$

(3) 断面力-ひずみ関係

$$M(x) = EI\phi(x) = -EIv''(x)$$

(4) 外力-変位関係

$$EIv^{IV}(x) = w(x)$$

(5) 境界条件

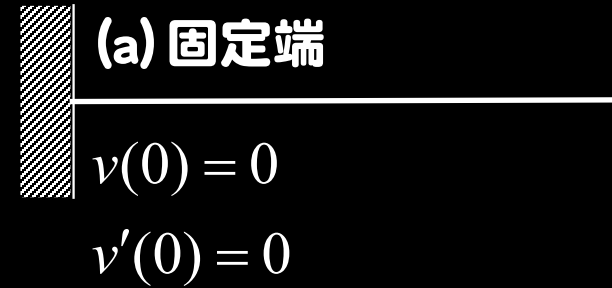
境界条件

1) 幾何学的境界条件

構造的な支持条件を示した条件

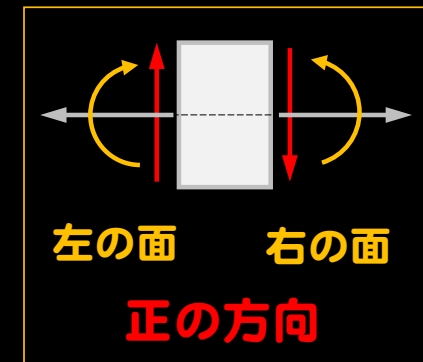
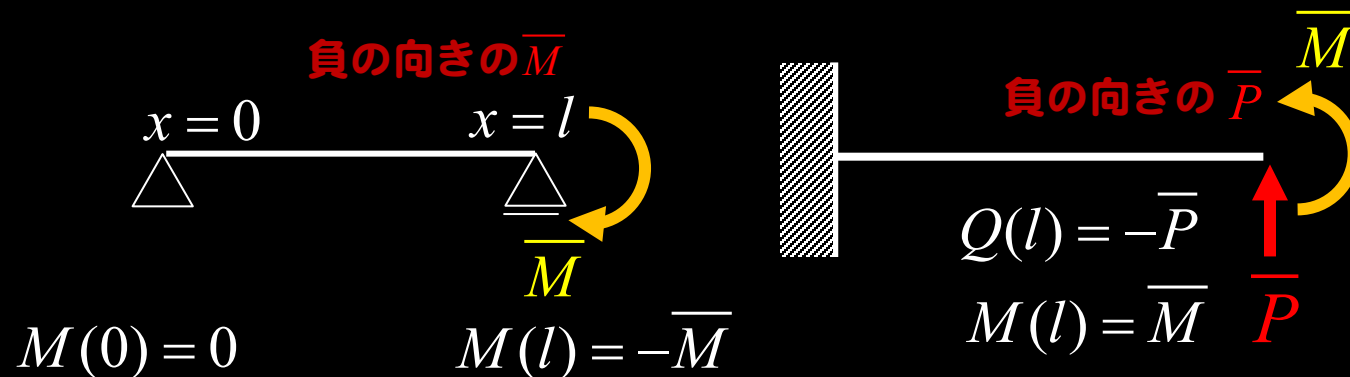
固定端：たわみとたわみ角が0

ピン支点, ローラ支点：たわみが0



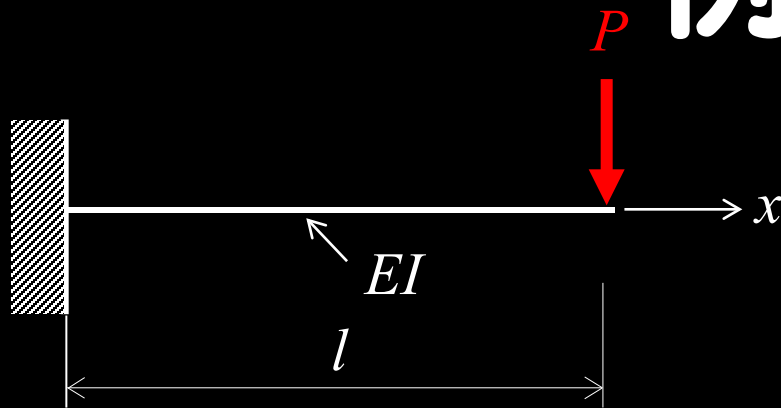
2) 力学的境界条件

境界での外力と断面力の釣合い条件



$$\rightarrow -EIv''(0) = 0 \rightarrow v''(0) = 0 \rightarrow -EIv''(l) = -\bar{M}$$

例題1 片持ち梁 1



釣合い式を順次積分する

$$EIv^{IV}(x) = 0$$

$$EIv'''(x) = C_1$$

$$EIv''(x) = C_1x + lC_2$$

$$EIv'(x) = \frac{1}{2}C_1x^2 + lC_2x + l^2C_3$$

$$EIv(x) = \frac{1}{6}C_1x^3 + \frac{1}{2}lC_2x^2 + l^2C_3x + l^3C_4$$

$$\therefore \begin{cases} C_1 = -P \\ C_2 = P \\ C_3 = C_4 = 0 \end{cases}$$

釣合い式

$$EIv^{IV}(x) = 0$$

幾何学的境界条件

$$v(0) = 0, v'(0) = 0$$

力学的境界条件

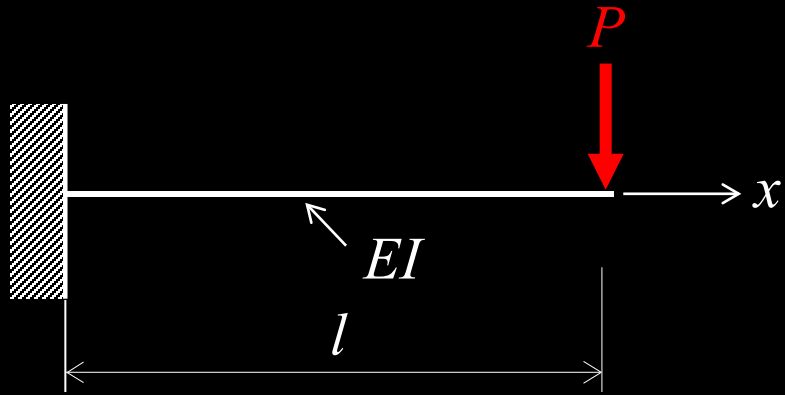
$$Q(l) = P, M(l) = 0$$

$$\rightarrow -EIv'''(l) = P, -EIv''(l) = 0$$

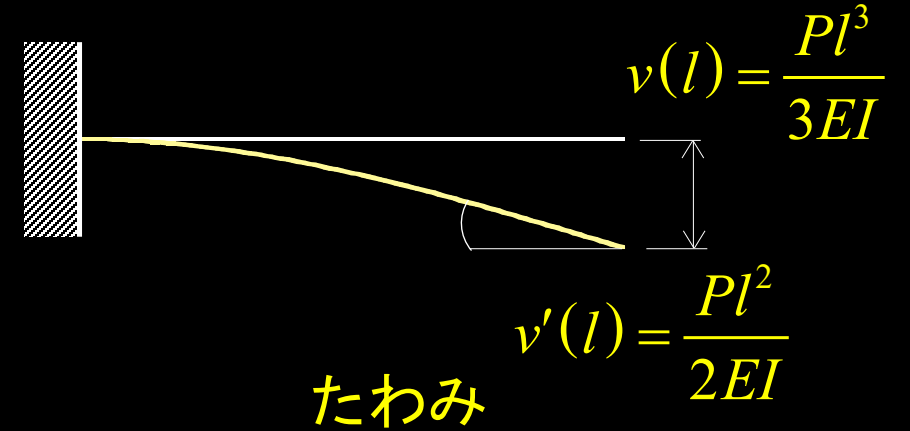
境界条件

$$\begin{cases} v(0) = 0 \quad \text{より} \quad C_4 = 0 \\ v'(0) = 0 \quad \text{より} \quad C_3 = 0 \\ -EIv'''(l) = P \quad \text{より} \quad -C_1 = P \\ -EIv''(l) = 0 \quad \text{より} \quad C_1l + C_2l = 0 \end{cases}$$

例題1(続) 片持ち梁 1



$$\begin{cases} v(l) = \frac{Pl^3}{3EI} \\ v'(l) = \frac{Pl^2}{2EI} \end{cases}$$

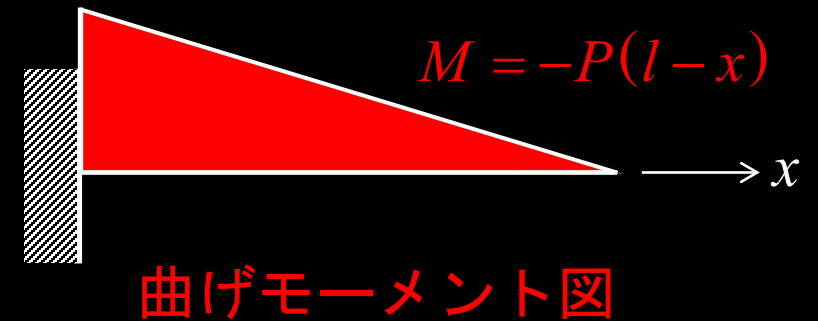


$$v(x) = \frac{Pl^3}{6EI} \left\{ 3\left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^3 \right\}$$

$$v'(x) = \frac{Pl^2}{2EI} \left\{ 2\left(\frac{x}{l}\right) - \left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^2 \right\}$$

$$M(x) = -EIv''(x) = -P(l-x)$$

$$Q(x) = -EIv'''(x) = P$$



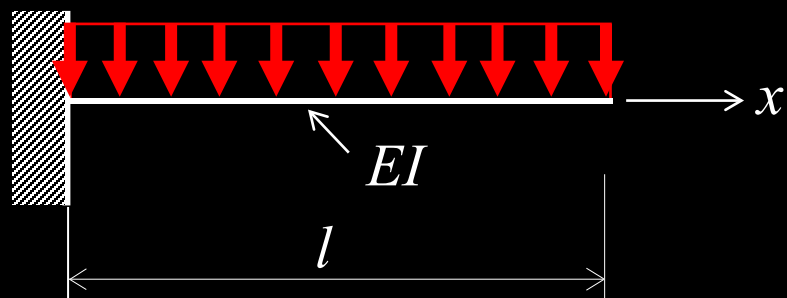
この例題は、静定はりであるので、

$$M(x) = -EIv''(x) = -P(l-x)$$

と境界条件 $v(0) = 0$, $v'(0) = 0$ を用いて計算できる

例題2 片持ち梁 2

等分布荷重 w



$$EIv^{IV}(x) = w$$

$$EIv'''(x) = w(x + lC_1)$$

$$EIv''(x) = w\left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 + lC_1x + l^2C_2\right)$$

$$EIv'(x) = w\left(\frac{1}{6}x^3 + \frac{1}{2}lC_1x^2 + l^2C_2x + l^3C_3\right)$$

$$EIv(x) = w\left(\frac{1}{24}x^4 + \frac{1}{6}lC_1x^3 + \frac{1}{2}l^2C_2x^2 + l^3C_3x + l^4C_4\right)$$

釣合い式

$$EIv^{IV}(x) = w$$

幾何学的境界条件

$$v(0) = 0, v'(0) = 0$$

力学的境界条件

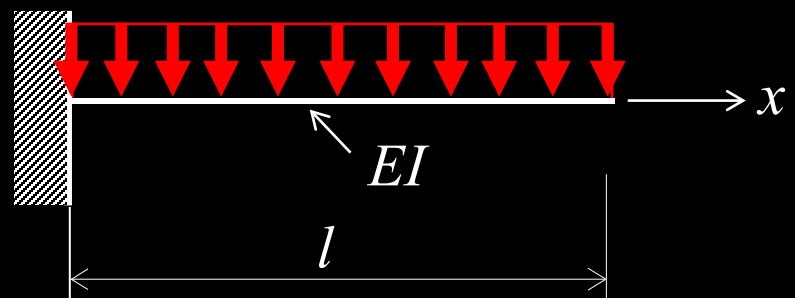
$$Q(l) = 0, M(l) = 0$$

$$\rightarrow -EIv'''(l) = 0, -EIv''(l) = 0$$

境界条件

$$\begin{cases} v(0) = 0 & \text{より } C_4 = 0 \\ v'(0) = 0 & \text{より } C_3 = 0 \\ -EIv'''(l) = 0 & \text{より } C_1 = -1 \\ -EIv''(l) = 0 & \text{より } C_2 = \frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$$

等分布荷重 w 例題2 (続) 片持ち梁 2



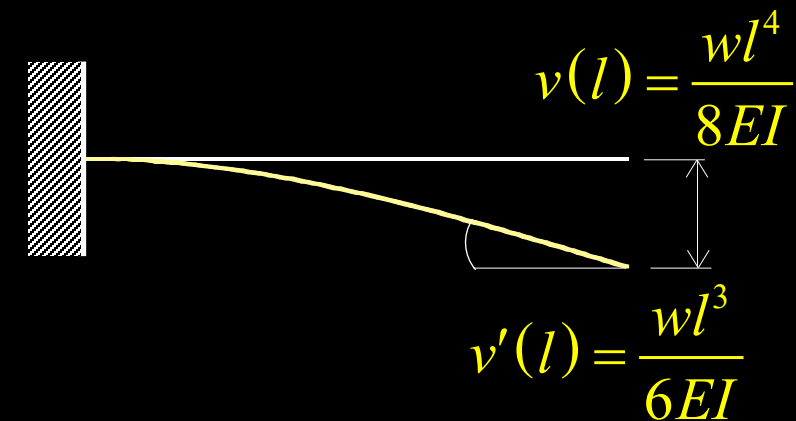
$$v(x) = \frac{wl^4}{24EI} \left\{ \left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^4 - 4\left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^3 + 6\left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^2 \right\}$$

$$v'(x) = \frac{wl^3}{6EI} \left\{ \left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^3 - 3\left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^2 + 3\left(\frac{x}{l}\right) \right\}$$

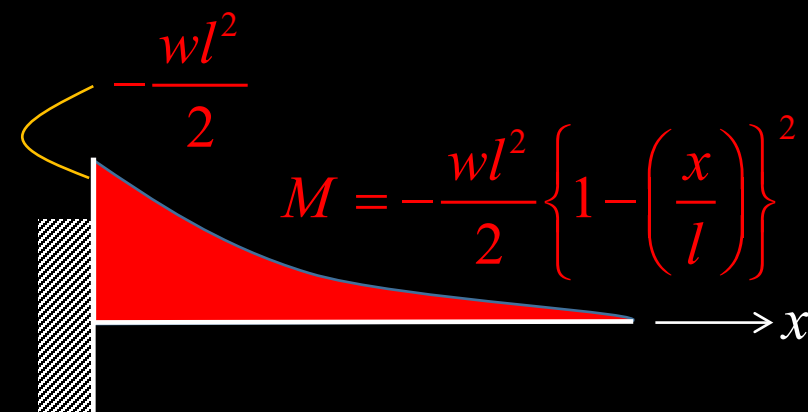
$$M(x) = -EIv''(x) = -\frac{wl^2}{2} \left\{ \left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^2 - 2\left(\frac{x}{l}\right) + 1 \right\}$$

$$Q(x) = -EIv'''(x) = wl \left\{ 1 - \left(\frac{x}{l}\right) \right\}$$

$$\begin{cases} v(l) = \frac{wl^4}{8EI} \\ v'(l) = \frac{wl^3}{6EI} \end{cases}$$



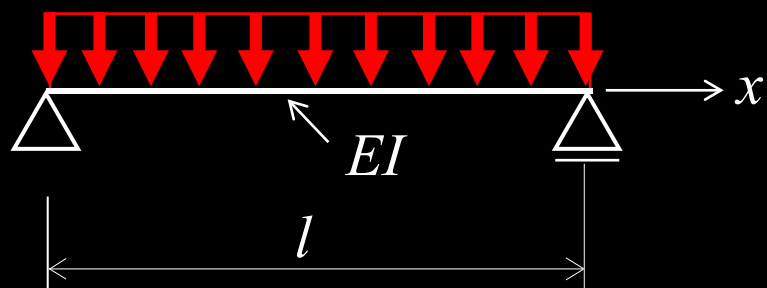
たわみ



曲げモーメント図

例題3 単純梁

等分布荷重 w



釣合い式

$$EIv^{IV}(x) = w$$

幾何学的境界条件

$$v(0) = 0, \quad v(l) = 0$$

力学的境界条件

$$M(0) = M(l) = 0$$

$$\rightarrow -EIv''(0) = -EIv''(l) = 0$$

$$EIv^{IV}(x) = w$$

$$EIv'''(x) = w(x + lC_1)$$

$$EIv''(x) = w\left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 + lC_1x + l^2C_2\right)$$

$$EIv'(x) = w\left(\frac{1}{6}x^3 + \frac{1}{2}lC_1x^2 + l^2C_2x + l^3C_3\right)$$

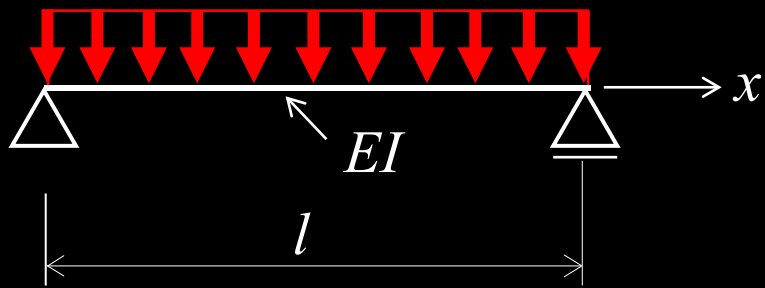
$$EIv(x) = w\left(\frac{1}{24}x^4 + \frac{1}{6}lC_1x^3 + \frac{1}{2}l^2C_2x^2 + l^3C_3x + l^4C_4\right)$$

境界条件

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} v(0) = 0 \quad \text{より} \quad C_4 = 0 \\ v''(0) = 0 \quad \text{より} \quad C_2 = 0 \\ v(l) = 0 \quad \text{より} \quad \frac{1}{24}l^4 + \frac{1}{6}l^4C_1 + l^4C_3 = 0 \\ v''(l) = 0 \quad \text{より} \quad \frac{1}{2}l^2 + l^2C_1 + l^2C_2 = 0 \end{array} \right. \quad 9$$

例題3 (続) 単純梁

等分布荷重 w



$$\begin{cases} C_1 = -\frac{1}{2}, C_2 = 0, \\ C_3 = \frac{1}{24}, C_4 = 0 \end{cases}$$

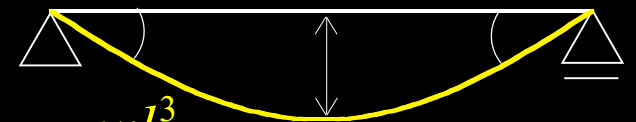
$$v(x) = \frac{wl^4}{24EI} \left\{ \left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^4 - 2\left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{x}{l}\right) \right\}$$

$$v'(x) = \frac{wl^3}{24EI} \left\{ 4\left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^3 - 6\left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^2 + 1 \right\}$$

$$M(x) = -EIv''(x) = -\frac{wl^2}{2} \left\{ \left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{x}{l}\right) \right\}$$

$$Q(x) = -EIv'''(x) = -\frac{wl}{2} \left\{ 2\left(\frac{x}{l}\right) - 1 \right\}$$

$$v\left(\frac{l}{2}\right) = \frac{5wl^4}{384EI}$$



$$v'(0) = \frac{wl^3}{24EI}$$

$$v'(l) = -\frac{wl^3}{24EI}$$

たわみ

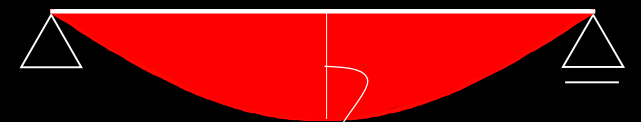
$$v\left(\frac{l}{2}\right) = \frac{5wl^4}{384EI}$$

$$v'(0) = \frac{wl^3}{24EI}$$

$$v'(l) = -\frac{wl^3}{24EI}$$

$$M\left(\frac{l}{2}\right) = \frac{wl^2}{8}$$

$$Q(0) = \frac{wl}{2}, Q(l) = -\frac{wl}{2}$$

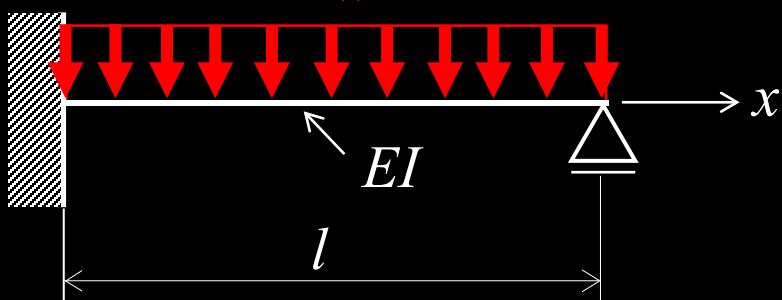


$$M\left(\frac{l}{2}\right) = \frac{wl^2}{8}$$

曲げモーメント図

例題4 固定-口-弓梁

等分布荷重 w



釣合い式

$$EIv^{IV}(x) = w$$

幾何学的境界条件

$$v(0) = 0, v'(0) = 0, v(l) = 0$$

力学的境界条件

$$M(l) = 0$$

$$\rightarrow -EIv''(l) = 0 \quad \rightarrow v''(l) = 0$$

$$EIv^{IV}(x) = w$$

$$EIv'''(x) = w(x + lC_1)$$

$$EIv''(x) = w\left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 + lC_1x + l^2C_2\right)$$

$$EIv'(x) = w\left(\frac{1}{6}x^3 + \frac{1}{2}lC_1x^2 + l^2C_2x + l^3C_3\right)$$

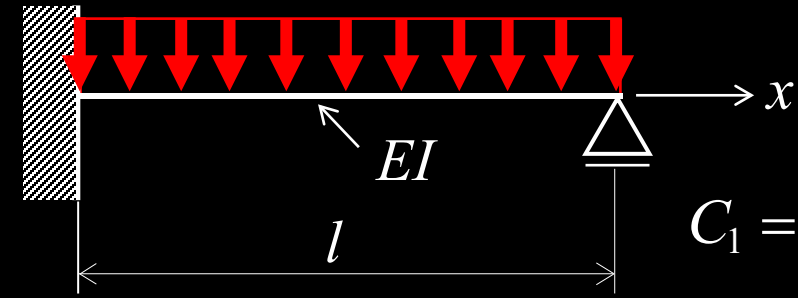
$$EIv(x) = w\left(\frac{1}{24}x^4 + \frac{1}{6}lC_1x^3 + \frac{1}{2}l^2C_2x^2 + l^3C_3x + l^4C_4\right)$$

境界条件

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} v(0) = 0 \quad \text{より} \quad C_4 = 0 \\ v'(0) = 0 \quad \text{より} \quad C_3 = 0 \\ v(l) = 0 \quad \text{より} \quad \frac{1}{24}l^4 + \frac{1}{6}l^4C_1 + \frac{1}{2}l^4C_2 = 0 \\ v''(l) = 0 \quad \text{より} \quad \frac{1}{2}l^2 + l^2C_1 + l^2C_2 = 0 \end{array} \right.$$

例題4 (続) 固定-□-ラ梁

等分布荷重 w



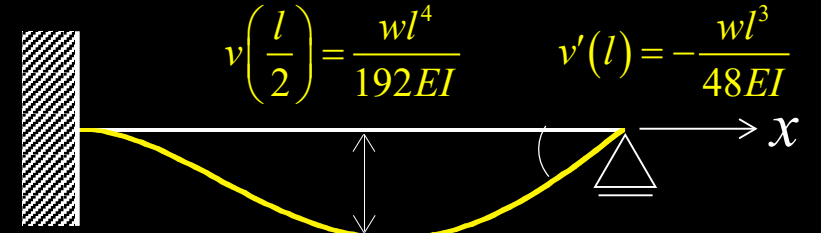
$$C_1 = -\frac{5}{8}, C_2 = \frac{1}{8}, C_3 = C_4 = 0$$

$$v(x) = \frac{wl^4}{48EI} \left\{ 2\left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^4 - 5\left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^3 + 3\left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^2 \right\}$$

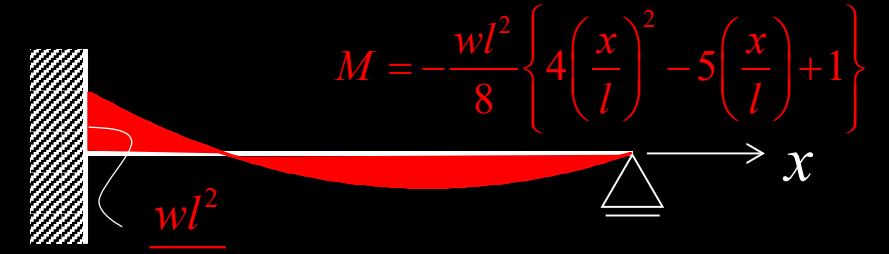
$$v'(x) = \frac{wl^3}{48EI} \left\{ 8\left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^3 - 15\left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^2 + 6\left(\frac{x}{l}\right) \right\}$$

$$M(x) = -EIv''(x) = -\frac{wl^2}{8} \left\{ 4\left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^2 - 5\left(\frac{x}{l}\right) + 1 \right\}$$

$$Q(x) = -EIv'''(x) = -\frac{wl}{8} \left\{ 8\left(\frac{x}{l}\right) - 5 \right\}$$



たわみ

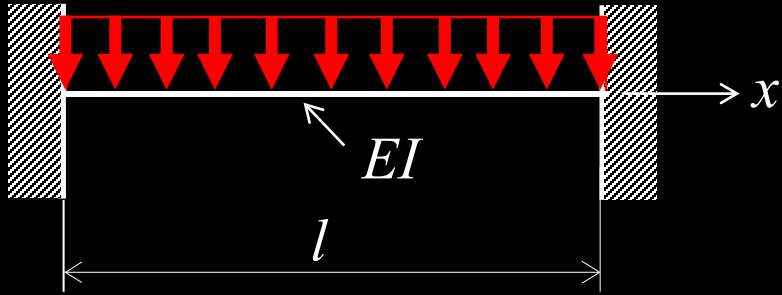


曲げモーメント図

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} v\left(\frac{l}{2}\right) = \frac{wl^4}{192EI}, v'(l) = -\frac{wl^3}{48EI} \\ M(0) = -\frac{wl^2}{8} \\ Q(0) = \frac{5wl}{8}, Q(l) = -\frac{3wl}{8} \end{array} \right.$$

例題5 両端固定梁

等分布荷重 w



釣合い式

$$EIv^{IV}(x) = w$$

幾何学的境界条件

$$\begin{aligned} v(0) &= 0, & v'(0) &= 0, \\ v(l) &= 0, & v'(l) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

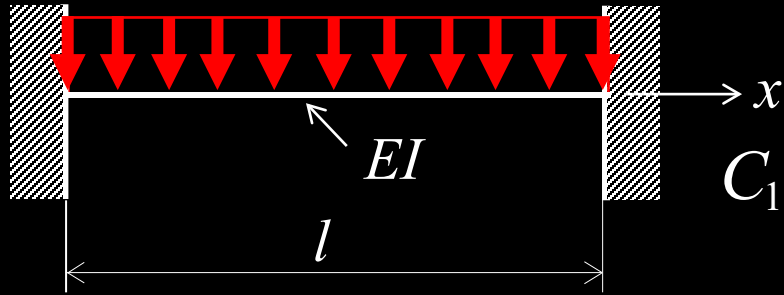
境界条件

$$\begin{aligned} EIv^{IV}(x) &= w \\ EIv'''(x) &= w(x + lC_1) \\ EIv''(x) &= w\left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 + lC_1x + l^2C_2\right) \\ EIv'(x) &= w\left(\frac{1}{6}x^3 + \frac{1}{2}lC_1x^2 + l^2C_2x + l^3C_3\right) \\ EIv(x) &= w\left(\frac{1}{24}x^4 + \frac{1}{6}lC_1x^3 + \frac{1}{2}l^2C_2x^2 + l^3C_3x + l^4C_4\right) \end{aligned}$$

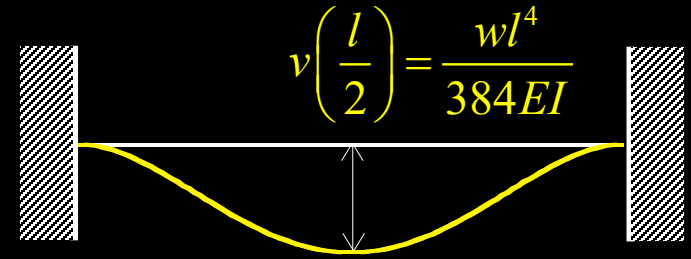
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} v(0) = 0 \quad \text{より} \quad C_4 = 0 \\ v'(0) = 0 \quad \text{より} \quad C_3 = 0 \\ v(l) = 0 \quad \text{より} \quad \frac{1}{24}l^4 + \frac{1}{6}l^4C_1 + \frac{1}{2}l^4C_2 = 0 \\ v'(l) = 0 \quad \text{より} \quad \frac{1}{6}l^3 + \frac{1}{2}l^3C_1 + l^3C_2 + l^3C_3 = 0 \end{array} \right.$$

例題5 (続) 両端固定梁

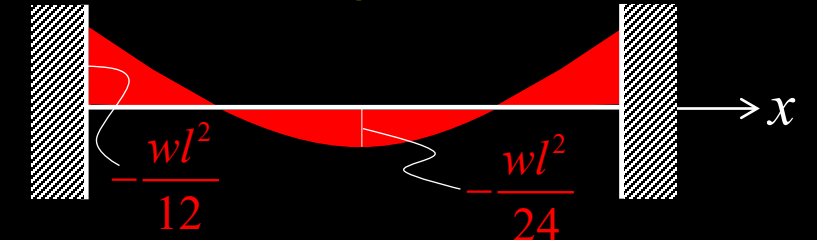
等分布荷重 w



$$C_1 = -\frac{1}{2}, C_2 = \frac{1}{12}, C_3 = C_4 = 0$$



たわみ



曲げモーメント図

$$v(x) = \frac{wl^4}{24EI} \left\{ \left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^4 - 2\left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^2 \right\}$$

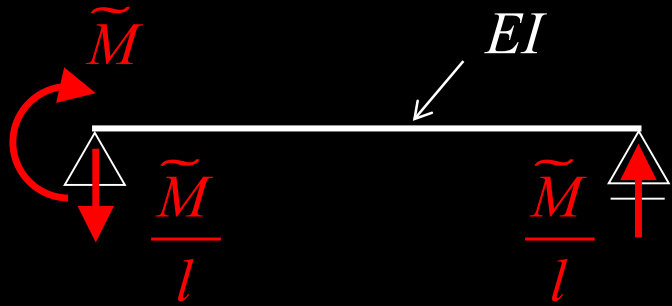
$$v'(x) = \frac{wl^3}{12EI} \left\{ 2\left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^3 - 3\left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{x}{l}\right) \right\}$$

$$M(x) = -EIv''(x) = -\frac{wl^2}{12} \left\{ 6\left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^2 - 6\left(\frac{x}{l}\right) + 1 \right\}$$

$$Q(x) = -EIv'''(x) = -\frac{wl}{2} \left\{ 2\left(\frac{x}{l}\right) - 1 \right\}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} v\left(\frac{l}{2}\right) = \frac{wl^4}{384EI} \\ M(0) = M(l) = -\frac{wl^2}{12}, \quad M\left(\frac{l}{2}\right) = \frac{wl^2}{24} \\ Q(0) = \frac{wl}{2}, \quad Q(l) = -\frac{wl}{2} \end{array} \right.$$

例題6 単純梁



釣合い式

$$EIv^{IV}(x) = 0$$

幾何学的境界条件

$$v(0) = 0, \quad v(l) = 0$$

力学的境界条件

$$M(0) = \tilde{M} \quad M(l) = 0$$

$$\rightarrow -EIv''(0) = \tilde{M} \quad -EIv''(l) = 0$$

$$EIv^{IV}(x) = 0$$

$$EIv'''(x) = C_1$$

$$EIv''(x) = C_1x + lC_2$$

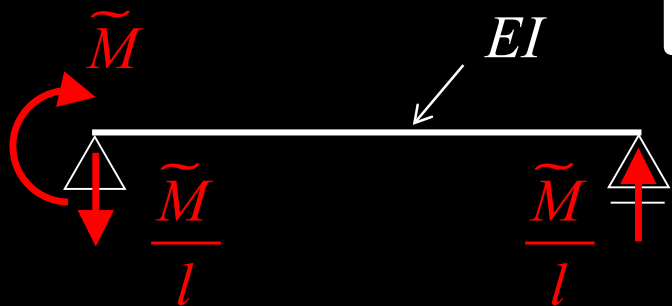
$$EIv'(x) = \frac{1}{2}C_1x^2 + lC_2x + l^2C_3$$

$$EIv(x) = \frac{1}{6}C_1x^3 + \frac{1}{2}lC_2x^2 + l^2C_3x + l^3C_4$$

境界条件

$$\begin{cases} v(0) = 0 \quad \text{より} \quad C_4 = 0 \\ v(l) = 0 \quad \text{より} \quad \frac{1}{6}C_1 + \frac{1}{2}lC_2 + C_3 + C_4 = 0 \\ -EIv''(0) = \tilde{M} \quad \text{より} \quad -lC_2 = \tilde{M} \\ -EIv''(l) = 0 \quad \text{より} \quad C_1 + C_2 = 0 \end{cases}$$

例題6 (続) 単純梁



$$\begin{cases} C_1 = \frac{\tilde{M}}{l}, C_2 = -\frac{\tilde{M}}{l}, \\ C_3 = \frac{1}{3} \frac{\tilde{M}}{l}, C_4 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$v(x) = \frac{\tilde{M}l^2}{6EI} \left\{ \left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^3 - 3\left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^2 + 2\left(\frac{x}{l}\right) \right\}$$

$$v'(x) = \frac{\tilde{M}l}{6EI} \left\{ 3\left(\frac{x}{l}\right)^2 - 6\left(\frac{x}{l}\right) + 2 \right\}$$

$$M(x) = -EIv''(x) = \tilde{M} \left\{ -\left(\frac{x}{l}\right) + 1 \right\}$$

$$Q(x) = -EIv'''(x) = -\frac{\tilde{M}}{l}$$

$$\begin{cases} v'(0) = \frac{\tilde{M}l}{3EI} \\ v\left(\frac{l}{3}\right) = \frac{5\tilde{M}l^2}{81EI} \\ v\left(\frac{2l}{3}\right) = \frac{4\tilde{M}l^2}{81EI} \\ M(0) = \tilde{M} \\ M(l) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$v\left(\frac{l}{3}\right) = \frac{5\tilde{M}l^2}{81EI}$$

$$v\left(\frac{2l}{3}\right) = \frac{4\tilde{M}l^2}{81EI}$$

$$v'(0) = \frac{\tilde{M}l}{3EI}$$

たわみ



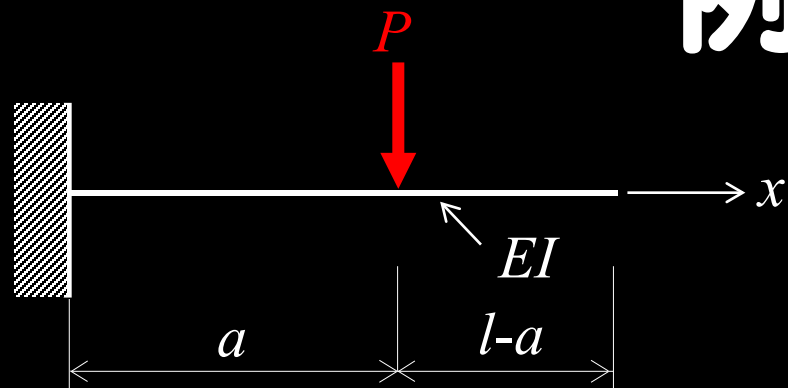
曲げモーメント図

例題7 片持ち梁

$x=a$ に集中荷重が作用する場合

自由端のたわみ $v(l)$ は下式で計算できる。

$$v(l) = v(a) + v'(a)(l-a) = \frac{Pa^3}{3EI} + \frac{Pa^2}{2EI}(l-a)$$

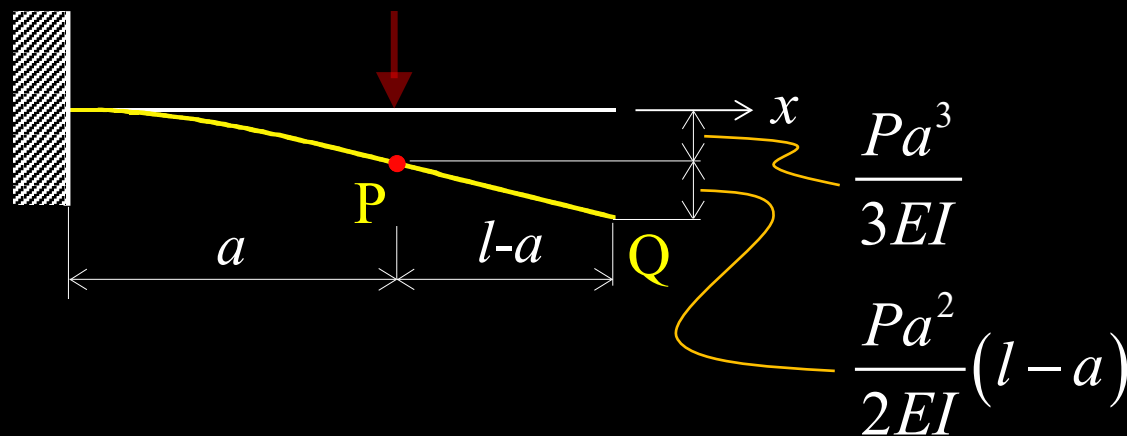


例題1により, $0 \leq x \leq a$ でたわみ v ,
たわみ角 v' は

$$\begin{cases} v(x) = \frac{Pa^3}{6EI} \left\{ 3\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^3 \right\} \\ v'(x) = \frac{Pa^2}{2EI} \left\{ 2\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) - \left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^2 \right\} \end{cases}$$

$x=a$ でのたわみ v , たわみ角 v' は

$$v(a) = \frac{Pa^3}{3EI} \quad v'(a) = \frac{Pa^2}{2EI}$$



$a=l/3$, $a=2l/3$ のとき, たわみ $v(l)$ は下式となる

$$\begin{cases} a = \frac{l}{3} \text{ のとき} & v(l) = \frac{4Pl^3}{81EI} \\ a = \frac{2l}{3} \text{ のとき} & v(l) = \frac{14Pl^3}{81EI} \end{cases}$$

まとめ

- 1) 梁の問題の**基礎方程式**と**境界条件**を復習した
- 2) 例題1：集中荷重を受ける片持ち梁
- 3) 例題2：等分布荷重を受ける片持ち梁
- 4) 例題3：等分布荷重を受ける単純梁
- 5) 例題4：等分布荷重を受ける固定-ローラ梁
- 6) 例題5：等分布荷重を受ける両端固定梁
- 7) 例題6：端モーメントを受ける単純ばり
- 8) 例題7： $x=a$ で集中荷重を受ける片持ち梁

次の解説について

次は

③ ダイバージェンスの定理

を解説します。

質問・要望・意見

よりわかりやすく，役に立つ内容にしたいと考えています。

質問，要望，意見などを，どうぞ宜しくお願い致します。

質問等の送付先は，ホームページに示しています。

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